Remote Consciousness:

Latest Results from Optically Excited Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy



Dr. Serge Kernbach

 Serge Kernbach, Andreas Kernbach (CYBRES GmbH, Germany), Anton Fedorenko (AshNu Technologies Inc., Canada), Jeremy Pfeiffer (SVP Water Research, USA), Gao Peng (Ennova Health Science and Technology Co., Ltd., China),
Vladislav Zhigalov (Moscow Institute of Electronic Technology, Russia), Sergey Maslobrod (Academy of Science, Moldova)

24.10.19, Water Conference on the Physics, Chemistry and Biology of Water, October 24 – 27 · BAD SODEN, GERMANY

Motivation

technology for brain and consciousness



Brain research: Kevin Warwick experiment

and and the second

AB

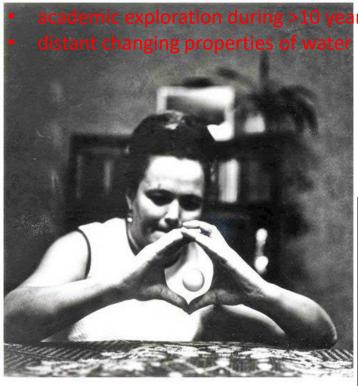
Brain research: Neuro-Implants and Brain-Computer Interface







Consciousness research: Moscow, (Ninel Kulagina) USSR



1968: Professional photographer Vladimir Bogatyrev's photo of Ninel Kulagina as she raises a ping pong ball from the table surface using a telekinetic force emitted from or shaped by her hands.

Moskovskaya Pravda (Moscow Pravda) March 17, 1968, article by journalist Lev Kolodny. The following day, the AP wire service reported on Kulagina (identified as Nelya Mikhailova) worldwide.

L.E. Kolodnyj, "The D phenomenon" (Колодный, Феномен 'Д' и другие), Moscow, 1991



video

Soviets Sav

She Beckons

With Mind

MOSCOW (AP) - When

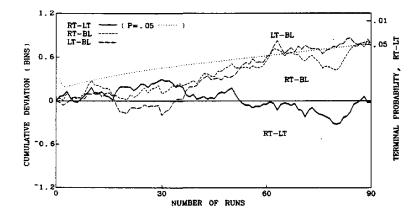
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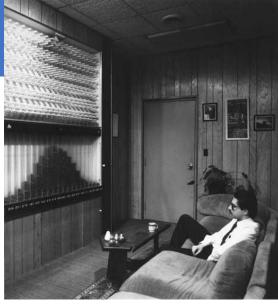
Viet Cong

sk up the



Consciousness research: Princeton, USA







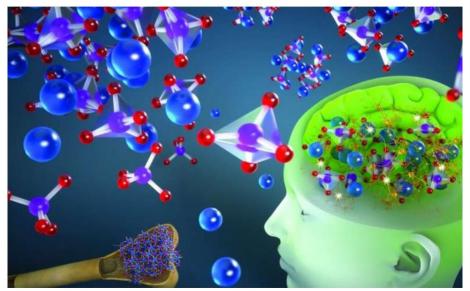
Operator-Related Anomalies in a Random Mechanical Cascade, Bruce Dunne, Roger D. Nelson, Robert G. Jahn, JSE, Vol. 2, No. 2, pp. 155-179, 1988

Consciousness: less understood phenomenon

Capability of distant interactions?

Are we quantum computers? International collaboration will investigate the brain's potential for quantum computation

by Sonia Fernandez, University of California - Santa Barbara



Credit: PETER ALLEN ILLUSTRATION/UCSB



SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

Article | OPEN | Published: 20 December 2016

Photon Entanglement Through Brain Tissue

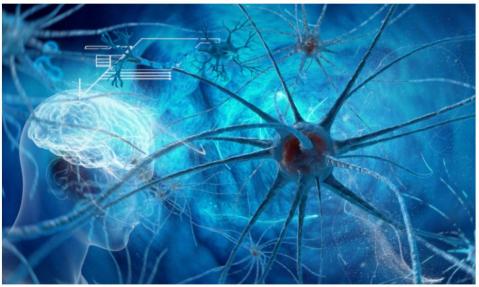
Lingyan Shi, Enrique J. Galvez & Robert R. Alfano 🖾

Scientific Reports 6, Article number: 37714 (2016) Download Citation 🛓

January 17, 2019 • In the Lab • By Asian Scientist Newsroom

How Protein 'Entanglement' Leads To Brain Diseases

These findings suggest that preventing protein entanglement could be one way to treat neurodegenerative diseases caused by polyglutamine proteins.



ASIANSCIENTIST



Progress Article | Published: 18 June 2008

Quantifying entanglement in macroscopic systems

Vlatko Vedral

Nature 453, 1004–1007 (19 June 2008) Download Citation 🕹

Abstract

Article OPEN Published: 13 October 2017

Entanglement between more than two hundred macroscopic atomic ensembles in a solid

P. Zarkeshian, C. Deshmukh, N. Sinclair, S. K. Goyal, G. H. Aguilar, P. Lefebvre, M. Grimau Puigibert, V. B. Verma, F. Marsili, M. D. Shaw, S. W. Nam, K. Heshami, D. Oblak, W. Tittel & C. Simon [⊠]



Letter Published: 25 April 2018

Stabilized entanglement of massive mechanical oscillators

C. F. Ockeloen-Korppi, E. Damskägg, J.-M. Pirkkalainen, M. Asjad, A. A. Clerk, F. Massel, M. J. Woolley & M. A. Sillanpää [™]

Nature 556, 478–482 (2018) Download Citation 🚽

1 This article has been updated

Abstract

Quantum entanglement is a phenomenon whereby systems cannot be described independently of each other, even though they may be

Article OPEN Published: 26 August 2016

Generation of a macroscopic entangled coherent state using quantum memories in circuit QED

Tong Liu, Qi-Ping Su, Shao-Jie Xiong, Jin-Ming Liu, Chui-Ping Yang 🕿 & Franco Nori

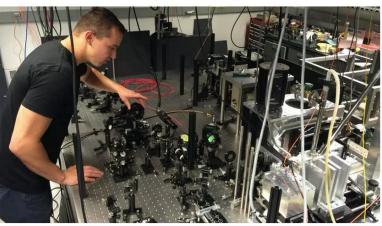
Scientific Reports 6, Article number: 32004 (2016) 🔰 Download Citation Ł

Macroscopic Entanglement (MA)



Macroscopic quantum entanglement achieved at room temperature





The researchers believe that the advance could lead to entanglement-enhanced magnetic resonance imaging probes (Credit: Awschalom Group/University of Chicago)



Open Science Research Excellence

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Motivation

Experimental exploration of distant interactions based on macroscopic entanglement

Methodology as in other device-device experiments

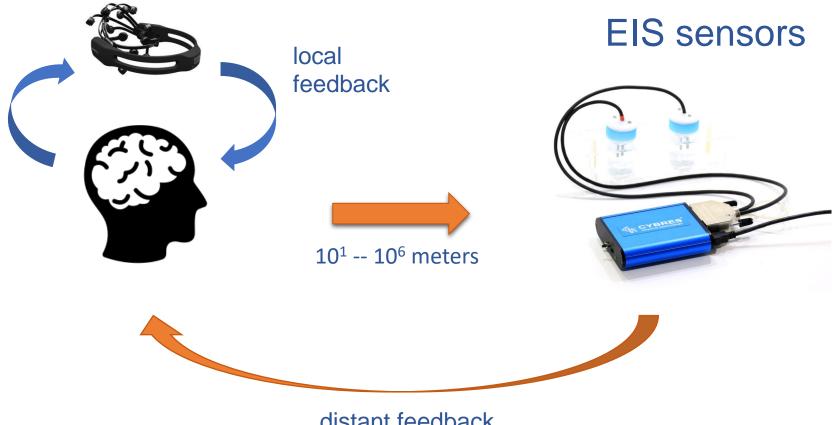


Methodology

optically excited EIS in temporal domain



EEG sensors

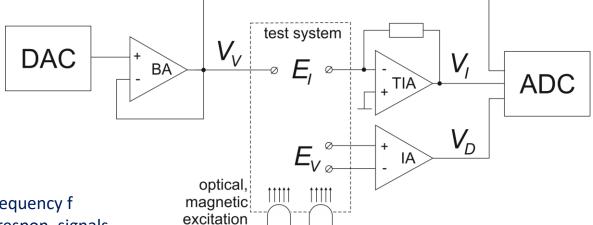


distant feedback

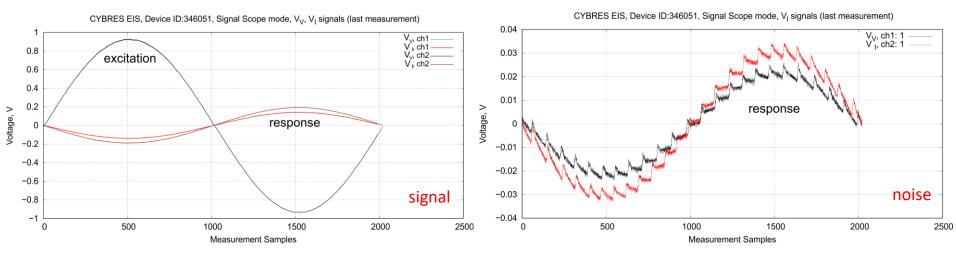
Electrochemical measurements. What is it?

molecular and quantum scale effects appear on macroscopic scale as a change of ionic dynamics



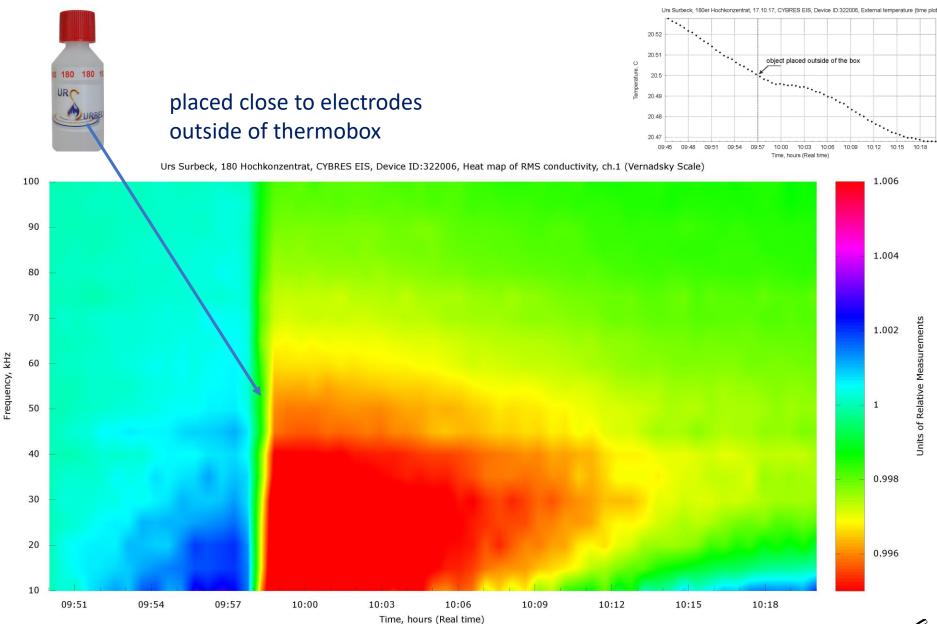


- Impedance (conductivity) at excitation frequency f
- Correlation and Phase between excitat./respon. signals
- Nyquist plot (Re/Im parts of signals, currently not used)
- Electrochemical noise for statistical processing
- time-frequency patterns (vs. only frequency) with optical excitation
- 45 data channels with additional sensors (+35 synthetic channels)



e.g. S.Kernbach, I.Kuksin, O.Kernbach, On Accurate Differential Measurements with Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy, WATER, 8, 136-155, 2017

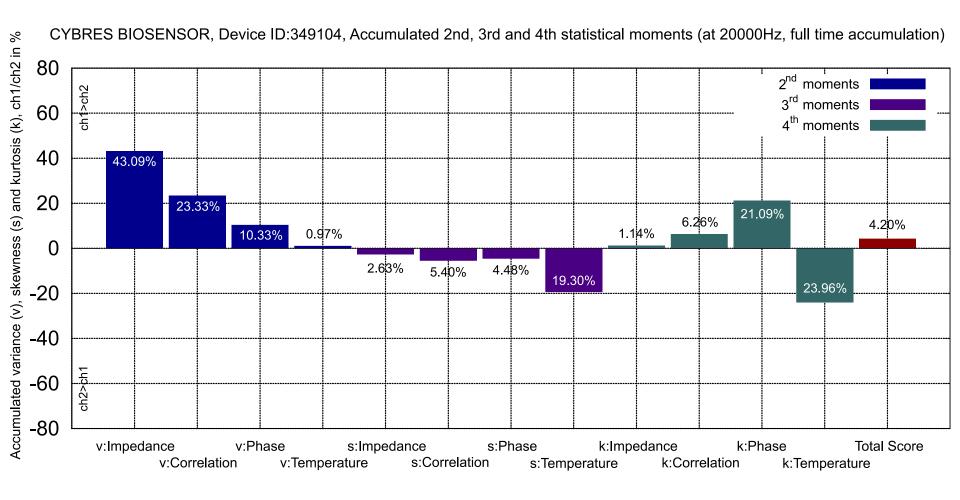
Non-chemical treatment with Urs Surbeck Hochkonzentrat



S.Kernbach, On Symbols and Mems (rus), IJUS, 19-20(6), 120-148, 2018



characterization based on 12-component vector



goal: to distinguish infoceutical (imprinted) "info-penicillin" from "into-aspirin"

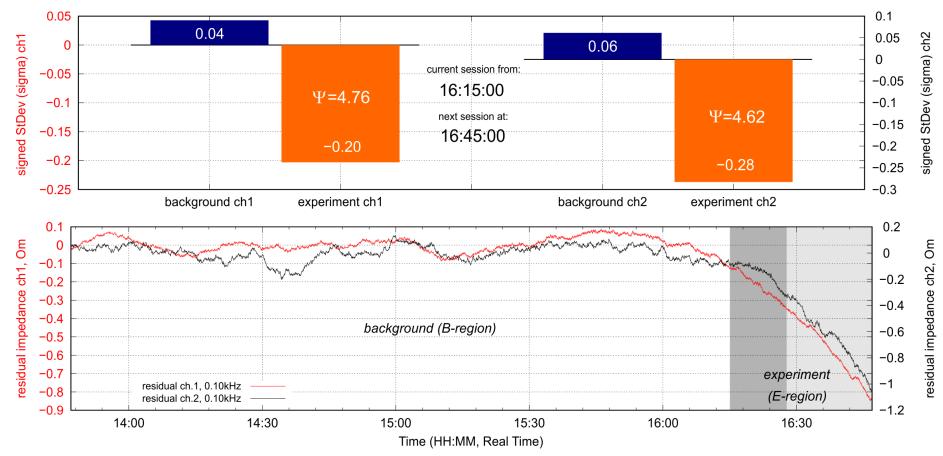
What is M.I.N.D.?

- ultra-weak changes (on the level of environmental fluctuations -> the main difficulty)
- specific hardware setup (no active thermostat)
- it requires <u>continuously</u> <u>running</u> statistical server (EIS does not need it)
- long stabilization time (2-3 days)
- long-term measurements (weeks)
- different goals and users (reducing complexity, finally different software)



Numerical and statistical calculations in M.I.N.D.

CYBRES EIS, Device ID:346099, RMS Impedance/regression, 3 sigma analyser, ch1/ch2, timing: 4.99, duration of background/experiment: 150.0/30.0 min.



Intensity
$$\Psi = k \frac{\sigma_E}{\sigma_B}$$

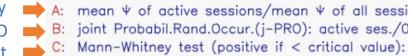
Probability of Random Occurrence (PRO) based on measurements from last 24/48 hours

Numerical and statistical calculations in M.I.N.D.

			results o	f activ	e session	S	
	N	type	time (D-M h:m)	ch1:Ψ	PRO	ch2:Ψ	PRO
	1.	1-post	28-Jun 09:00:11	2.09	0.42	9.55	0.02
	2.	1-post	28-Jun 09:30:03	2.66	0.29	6.56	0.02
	3.	1	06-Jun 08:30:00	-1.52	0.63	-6.11	0.04
	4.	3	01-May 20:54:18	5.35	0.08	3.32	2.55
	5.	2	23-Jun 23:23:54	-1.17	0.60	5.26	0.01
	6.	1	24-Jun 20:00:16	-0.69	0.90	-5.25	0.07
	7.	1-post	24-Jun 09:30:05	4.46	0.07	-4.62	0.09
	8.	2	06-Jun 22:27:54	-2.52	0.26	-4.60	0.04
	9.	1	29-May 08:30:01	4.21	0.06	2.77	0.37
	10.	1-post	24-Jun 09:00:14	1.67	0.52	4.07	0.13
	11.	1	01-Jul 08:30:13	3.99	0.23	-0.81	0.86
	12.	3	10-May 08:30:01	-1.86	0.56	-3.94	0.21
	13.	3	06-May 08:30:05	3.87	0.08	-1.18	0.16
	14.	2	15-Jun 18:18:51	3.85	0.02	3.16	0.04
	15.	2	05-Jun 22:35:15	2.75	0.09	3.75	0.09
	16.	1-post	05-Jun 09:02:22	3.74	0.22	-2.27	0.41
	17.	1	27-May 08:30:02	-2.00	0.22	-3.69	0.15
	18.	1	07-May 08:30:06	2.36	0.30	3.55	0.20
	19.	1-post	26-Jun 09:00:06	-1.64	0.54	3.36	0.28
	20.	1	05-Jun 08:32:14	2.77	0.32	-3.29	0.26
	21.	1-post	25-Jun 09:30:05	3.20	0.15	-2.39	0.33
	22.	1	11-Jun 15:00:11	3.19	0.53	0.57	1.00
	23.	1	25-Jun 08:30:06	0.53	1.00	3.14	0.19
	24.	1-post	07-Jun 09:00:09	-0.81	0.68	3.01	0.18
	25.	1	28-May 08:30:06	1.10	0.81	-2.94	0.40
	26.	1	13-Jun 09:00:02	1.24	0.49	2.92	0.20
	27.	1-post	07-Jun 09:30:01	1.59	0.39	-2.79	0.27
	28.	1-post	13-Jun 09:30:12	-2.74	0.25	-2.63	0.24
	29.	2-post	10-Jun 23:20:16	2.00	0.23	2.63	0.09
	30.	1-post	13-Jun 10:00:04	2.58	0.26	2.19	0.32
ean	Ψ of c	active sessi	ons/mean ∉ of all sessions	51	4.06/2.12=1.9	92. (1.96)
			(; DBO); active and (0 E		4 10- 00		·

min. N=30

numerical: mean intensity probabilistic: joint PRO statistic: Mann-Whitney test



B: joint Probabil.Rand.Occur.(j-PRO): active ses./0.5 ses.:

4.12e-20 12 (292 :1%, 338 :5%)



Application Note 26. Methodology and protocols of feedback-based EIS experiments in real time

Serge Kernbach

Abstract—This application note is devoted to distant experiments that provide visual or acoustic feedback from remote electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) sensors. It addresses automatic web experiments as well as experiments with manual evaluation of results, and explains underlying algorithms. Statistical evaluation based on three-sigma rule, probability of random occurrence and the Mann-Whitney U-test are proposed for the scoring system. Operators who only participate in *consciousnessdevice* or *device-device* experiments (the transmitter side) and who host such sensors (the receiver side) can find here recommendations for parameter settings, thermostabilization, selection of water or the difficulty level. This application note can be considered as step-by-step manual for participating, preparing and conducting such experiments also in neurocognitive way with EEG feedback, e.g. for operator training purposes.

I. INTRODUCTION

This application note accompanies the following papers:

and EIS sensors on the *receiver side* are spatially separated. The terms 'impact', 'exposure', 'session' or 'influence' mean a long-distance signal transmission from transmitters to receivers, where we do not differentiate between human operators ('consciousness-device' experiments) or corresponding devices ('device-device' experiments) on the transmitter side, since both produce comparable results.

The distance between transmitters and receivers varies in a large range (the largest published result is about 13798km [3]). EIS devices can be used remotely (e.g. in internet via html plots) or locally (users have access to EIS devices). In case of remote usage, see Sec. II, all settings are already done and experiments can be started anytime. The remote setup corresponds to average complexity level¹.

In the local case, see Sec. III, users can additionally involve acoustic and EEG feedbacks for training (in individual or collective accessions) set up over complexity level use plants or

Updates: almost each day, large FAQ section; non-technical manual in preparation

M.I.N.D. technology: open-science approach

NeuroQuantology | September 2016 | Volume 14 | Issue 3 | Page 456-476 | doi: 10.14704/nq.2016.14.3.917 Kernbach et al., Experimental approach towards long-range interaction from 1.6 to 13798 km

Experimental Approach Towards Long-Range Interactions from 1.6 to 13798 km Distances in Bio-Hybrid Systems

Serge Kernbach*, Vitaliy Zamsha†, Yuri Kravchenko‡

ABSTRACT

This work describes performed experiments on device-device and operator-device interactions at distances of >1 km, >100 km and >10000 km. Experimental setup involves several types of receiving sensors and transmitting optical generators as well as a group of human operators. We analyzed the structure of setup, establishing a connection between receiver and emitter, and multiple effects appeared. The experiments suggest a common character of operator- and device- interactions that point to possible 'neuro-quantum mechanisms' underling both systems. This approach replicates and extends early experiments from 80x and 90x, and can be considered as a novel unconventional communication system.

Key Words: long-range interactions, quantum phenomena in macroscopic systems, non-local effects, communication system, bio-hybrid systems

DOI Number: 10.14704/nq.2016.14.3.917

NeuroQuantology 2016; 3:456-476

Operator training for distant interactions with EEG and EIS based feedback

S.Kernbach¹, V.Zhigalov², A.Fedorenko³, J.Pfeiffer⁴, G. Peng⁵, O.Kernbach¹, A.Kernbach¹, E.Gorokhov⁶

Abstract—This paper reports on distant consciousness-device experiments performed as a long-range signal transmission between spatially separated human-'transmitters' and device-'receivers'. These experiments have been conducted between 2015 and 2019 with operators from the USA, Canada, Europe, Russia, China, Argentina, and include several series of web-based, voutube-based and public-audience-based attempts. Signals on the receiver side are detected by electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) of water-containing systems and biological reaction of plant organisms. They are displayed as real-time html plots streamed in internet and represent a remote feedback. Local feedback is provided by EEG data available for operators also in real time. Distance between operators and EIS devices varies between 10^1 to 10^6 meters. Combination of remote EIS and local EEG feedbacks enables controllable conditions for operators and contributes to achieving well-repeatable outcomes. Experiments generated by various entropic, electromagnetic or even mechanical processes [7]. In fact, high-resolution AC/DC conductometry and EIS spectroscopy have become standard methods for analyzing such weak phenomena. There are several variants of corresponding methods/devices, such as measuring the relative dispersion of conductivity [8], analyzing the DC-currentconductivity with Zenin/Bobrov detectors [9], [7], detector on deeply polarized electrodes [10], contactless measurement of conductivity [11] and differential EIS [12]. Conductometric systems were used for testing human operators, for example, the two-channel system developed by Dr. Bobrov was used by the KGB and USSR's Ministry of Defence in 80s and 90s [13]. The fact of involving the 'consciousness-consciousness' and 'consciousness-consciousness' and

in publication





Results

Early: 1989-2013 1 period: 2016-2017 2 period: 2018-2019

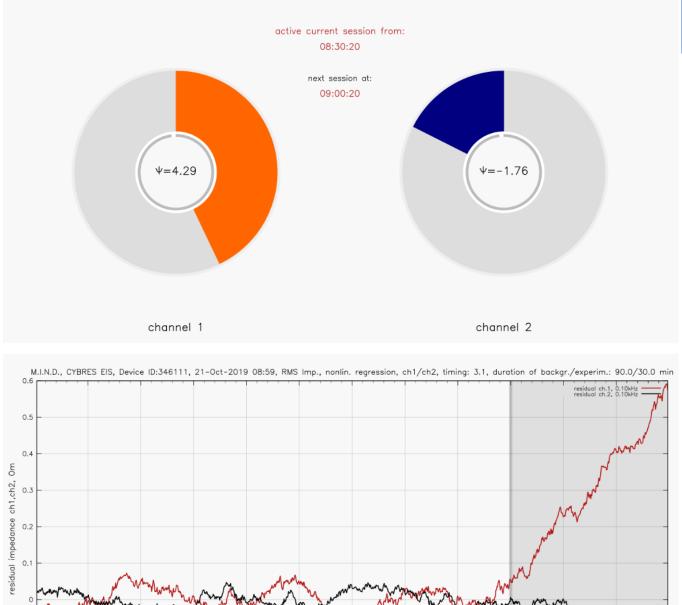


Overview of some results with M.I.N.D. technology

Tests/ processing	local, manual (A.V.Bobrov) 1989-1991	local, manual 2012-2013	web, manual Sept.2016- Jan.2017	web, automated 2018-2019	web, automated AquaPsy.com
N of attempts, statistical significance	? yes	20-30, no	50-70, yes	>300, yes	no (in progress)
% of success	classified/ unknown (high)	69%-92%	74%	up to 96% (training)	
published	partially, book, reports	conferences + journal, yes	conferences, j. in progress	in progress	in progress

- environment produces the "same signals"
- thermodynamic issues
- training of healers, group of Reiki practitioners
- exploration of altered states of consciousness (stress therapy, Yoga, meditations)

Overview of results



background measurement

07:50

08:00

Time (h:m, CET real time)

08:10

08:20

08:30

07:40

experiment

08:50

08:40

Real-time feedback: it works!

mind.cybertronica.de.com

-0.1

-0.2

07:10

07:20

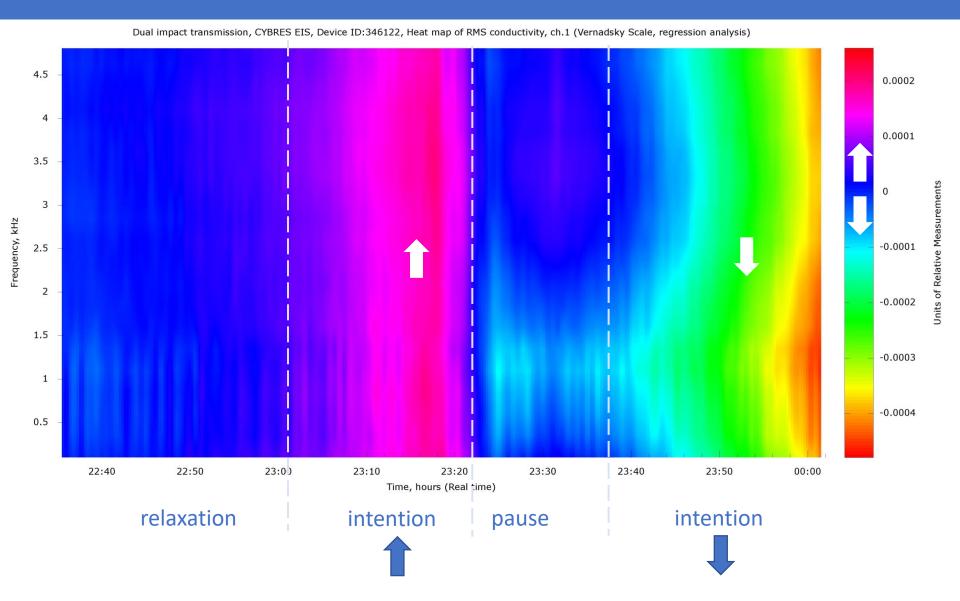
07:30

VALUES OF FACTORS A, B, and C in different cases.

	fac-	simul.	real	maxi-	public	public
	tor	random	random	mal	June	Septem.
		(RNG)	(EIS)	(EIS)	2019	2019
mean intensity	А	1.04	1.04	2.36	1.96	1.91
probabilistics	В	2.64^{4}	9.55^{-2}	2.82^{-26}	4.12^{-20}	4.82^{-19}
Mann-Whitney	С	445	422	0	12	80
test						

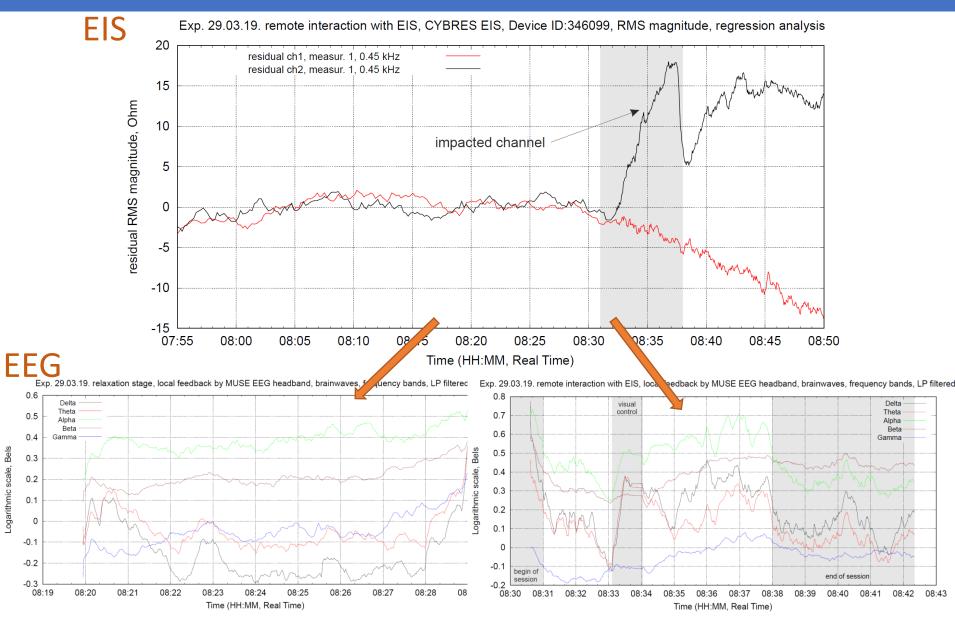
Essential differences between random sessions and active sessions

Dual impact transmission with M.I.N.D. technology

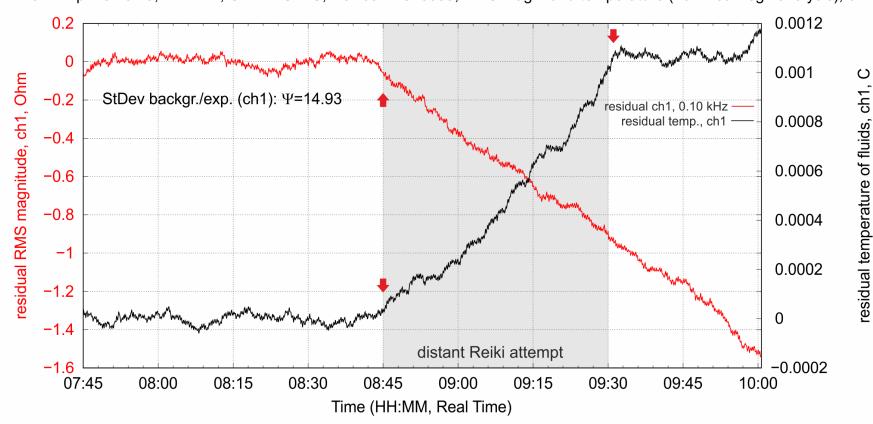


possible explanation for the effects of experimenter/sceptic

EEG data: remote session – a kind of "active meditation"



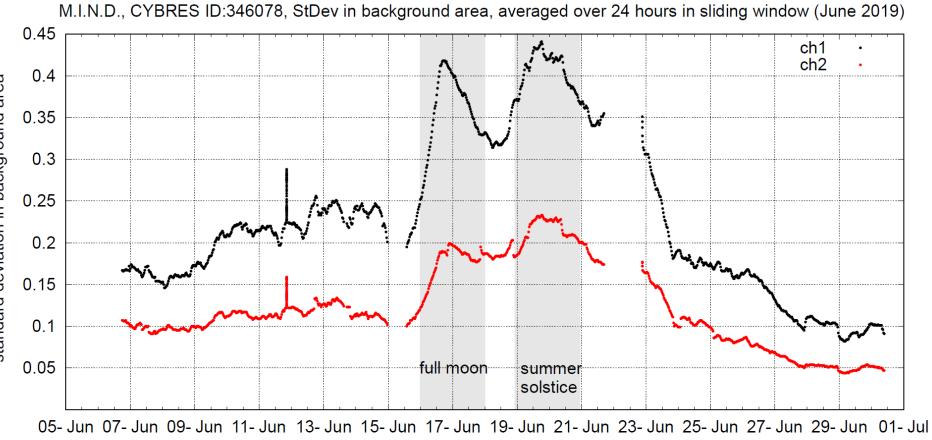
excited dynamics of all EEG rhythms – "active meditation"



Reiki Exp. 10.10.19, M.I.N.D., CYBRES EIS, Device ID:346099, RMS magn. and temperature (nonlinear regr. analysis), ch1

electrochemical reactions can produce/consume of few eV of energy

Impact of environment



Time (day-month, Real Time)

MIND sensor without public access, June 2019, shown is the standard deviation in background region, averaged in a sliding window of 24 hours. The first peak coincides with the full moon on June 17 and the second peak on June 21 – with the summer solstice.

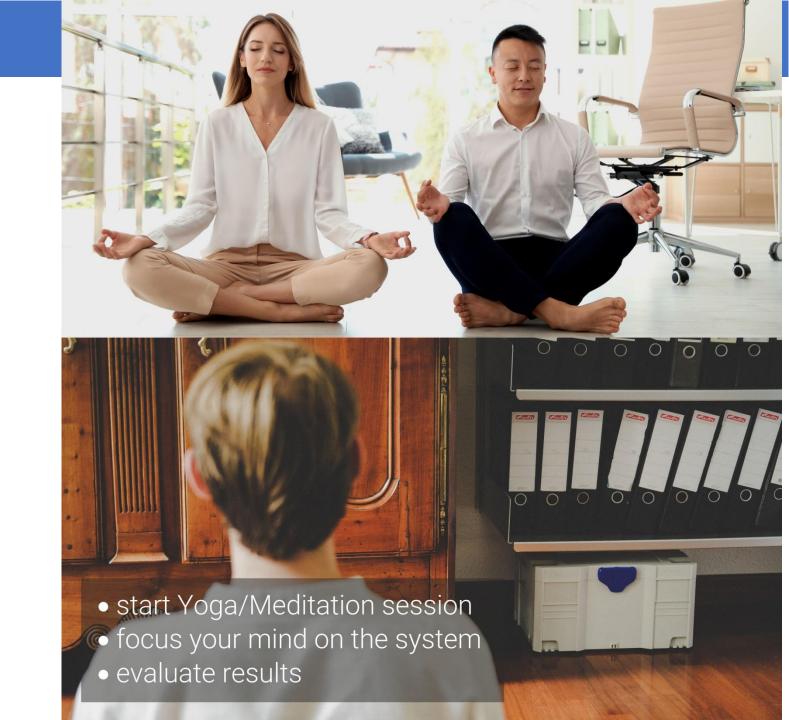
Environment has many "distant signals" of a similar nature

Conclusion

- EIS is enabling technology for detection and characterization of non-chemical treatment in many areas (based on ionic dynamics and statistical/numerical calculations)
- "Weak influences" from different sources (also from consciousness) are measurable with statistical significance.
- 3. A lot of applications (healers, Reiki, Yoga, advanced mediations) and implications (environment, thermodynamics, ...)

4. Available on the market

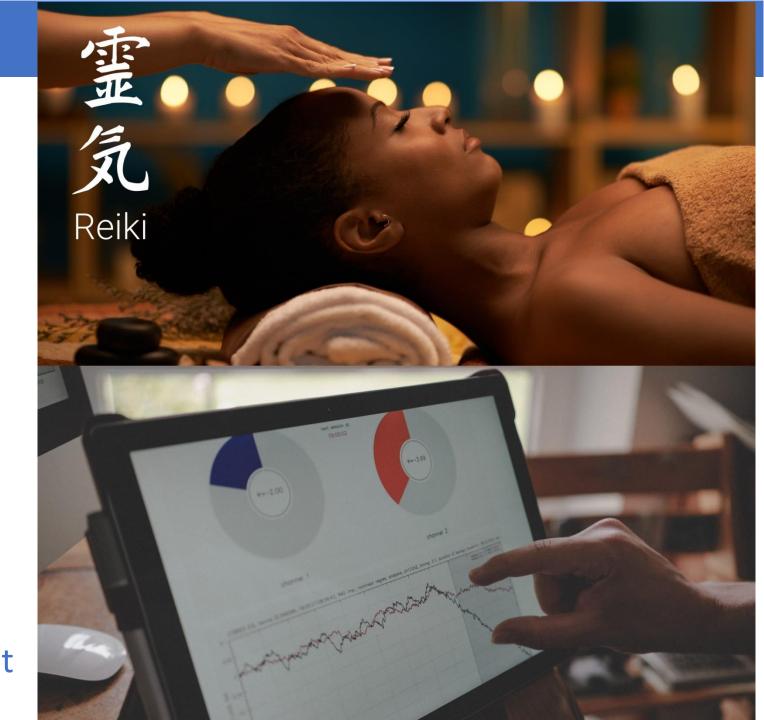
Applications



antistress therapy

Applications

training of healers, self-healing, distant treatments, selfdevelopment



1) Collective AquaPsy experiments with real-time feedback with Anton Fedorenko and Jeremy Pfeiffer on 24-26.10.09, see AquaPsy.com, at 9.00pm CET every day during the conference, (see also a poster about AquaPsy web-platform)

2) Regular web-seminars on EIS/infoceuticals/MIND topics (monthly), info: serge.kernbach@cybertronica.co Thank you